

ZOO AND AQUARIUM VISITORS: A DATA STORY



We know there are some characteristics that museum-goers share, but we also know that who visits different types of museums can vary based on life stage, demographic characteristics, and motivations.

In this
Data Story,
let's explore **ZOO**and aquarium
visitors!

Frequent museum-goers: visit multiple museums each year

Casual +
sporadic
museum-goers:
visit museums
once or twice a
year, or every
few years

AGE AND LIFE STAGE

Median age of frequent zoo and aquarium visitors



52

Median age of casual or sporadic zoo and aquarium visitors



45

FREQUENT MUSEUM-GOERS

CASUAL OR SPORADIC MUSEUM-GOERS

Young adults (under 40) without children

8%

19%

Parent or quardians of minor children

40%

38%

Middle age adults (40 - 59) without children

13%

20%

Older adults (60 or older) without children

39%

23%

Museum-going parents and guardians to zoos and aquariums tend to have younger children, indicating families with older children are choosing other activities.

RACE AND ETHNICITY

Frequent zoo and aquarium visitors are significantly more likely to identify as white (77%). But casual or sporadic zoo and aquarium visitor are much more diverse... Asian or Asian American households are the most likely segment to say they've visited a zoo or aquarium in the past year, followed by Hispanic, white, or African American or Black households.



VISITATION AND MOTIVATIONS

How often do they like to visit museums?

Zoo and aquarium audiences have higher rates of repeat visitation than most other museum types.

So what motivates them to visit museums?

- Family time
- Interest
- Fun

- And what inspires them to make a return visit?
 - Seeing new things
 - Social time

Annual Survey of Museum-Goers Data Stories are created by Wilkening Consulting on behalf of the American Alliance of Museums. Sources include:

- 2024 Annual Survey of Museum-Goers, n = 90,178; 202 museums participating
- 2024 Broader Population Sampling, n = 2,154





